

## Strategies for supporting pupils with Special Educational Needs and Disabilities in Computing lessons.

Individual Need	Here's how we help everyone shine		
Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder		equipment	
		Be explicit about the rules of when to use the equipment and when to be listening and focusing on verbal instructions	
Anxiety		Arrange for another child to be a 'buddy' for computing lessons so that they know that they can have a consister friend to help if needed	
		Where possible, the child will work in a group rather than independently so that they feel supported if they experience any issues with the computer / other equipment	
		Through a visual timetable, pupils are supported to know that computing time is coming up Time 'count downs' when transitioning and ending session	
Autism Spectrum Disorder		Teacher / TA to discuss what the computing session will involve and what programme/software/computing equipment will be used	
		Where possible, the child will work in the same group / team for each session	
		Where possible/necessary, discuss any unfamiliar technical vocabulary that might be used prior to the lesson	
Dyscalculia	۵	Provide printouts of the instructions that will used in the lesson	
		Where necessary, provide screenshots of the computer programme that will be used in the lesson	
Dyslexia		When using the interactive whiteboard, avoid black text on a white background and ensure this is avoided when sharing documents on Chromebooks or in pupils' shared areas	
		Show the child how to enlarge or zoom in on a page when using a computer so that text and images can be clearly read and understood	

Dyspraxia	<ul> <li>Provide opportunities for the child to sit in a spot in the classroom where there is plenty of room, particularly when a computer is needed</li> <li>Make sure that instructions are clearly explained and repeated if necessary</li> <li>Allow extra time to complete tasks, especially when new concepts/programmes/software is being used</li> </ul>	
Hearing Impairment	<ul> <li>Ensure that the child is able to sit near to the interactive whiteboard and/or the teacher</li> </ul>	

	Repeat instructions for independent learning to ensure the child knows what to do	
	Ensure that any videos that are shown in computing lessons are subtitled	
	Provide print outs or screenshots from the main input in lessons which the child can refer to	
	New and unfamiliar technical vocabulary is discussed at the start of a new computing unit	
	Ensure that background noise is kept to a minimum, particularly when sound is being used with computers.	
	<ul> <li>Provide headphones for all children if the background noise is going to hinder the hearing impaired child</li> </ul>	
Toileting Issues	Let me leave and return to the classroom discreetly and without having to get permission whenever I need the toilet.	
Cognition and Learning Challenges	Provide small steps to complete in independent learning activities as the computing tasks could be unfamiliar Provide a word bank to explain unfamiliar technical vocabulary	
	Provide screenshots of the computer programmes that will be used in computing lessons	
	<ul> <li>Use plenty of modelling on screen to ensure that the child</li> <li>understands how to access programmes and the information within them</li> </ul>	
Speech, Language & Communication Needs	Be prepared to adapt instructions, particularly those that contain unfamiliar technical vocabulary, so that the child can understand them	
	<ul> <li>Provide lots of 'talk' opportunities so that new concepts can be discussed, prior to beginning independent learning Provide printouts which include the images of symbols/icons/buttons that will be used in the lesson</li> </ul>	
Tourette Syndrome	Provide a list of components to include in a task to aid attention	
	Be aware that a piece of work may not be fully completed	

Experienced Trauma	acceptanc emotions a Before the l occur durin	The PACE approach should be used, using playfulness, acceptance, curiosity and empathy to understand my emotions and behaviour Before the lesson, come up with strategies for if difficulties occur during the lesson, and ways these can be overcome, reminding children that learning is about trial and error	
		specific instructions that are clear to , and deliver these slowly	
Visual	resolutions (	Ensure that the child is taught how to adjust the screen resolutions on computers (brightness, contrast) and how to zoom in and out	
Impairment	interactive	e colour of backgrounds and text on whiteboard when teaching and that of the when accessing shared documents	
		when a computer is being used, it is in a rethere is as little glare as possible.	
		mming or switching off the classroom lights uputing lessons	
	periods of v	ks from using the computer during extended vork where there could be the risk of fatigue ntinually looking at a screen	